

Closest Pair of Points

I/P: n pts $P = \{P_1, \dots, P_n\}$

$$P_i = (x_i, y_i) \in \mathbb{R}^2$$

O/P: Pair (i, j) $i \neq j$ s.t.

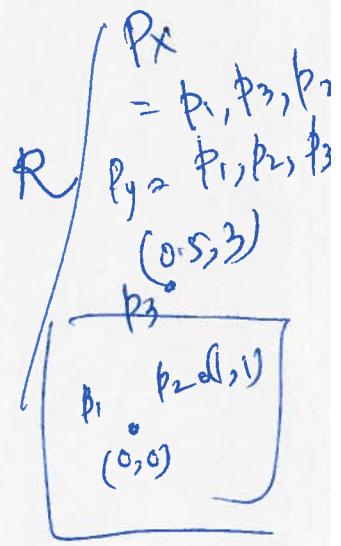
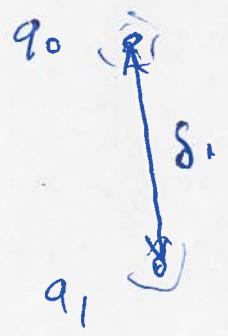
$d(P_i, P_j)$ is minimized

$$d(P_i, P_j) = \sqrt{(x_i - x_j)^2 + (y_i - y_j)^2}$$

Assume: x_1, \dots, x_n are distinct
 y_1, \dots, y_n

Let x^* be the ~~middle~~ median x -value.

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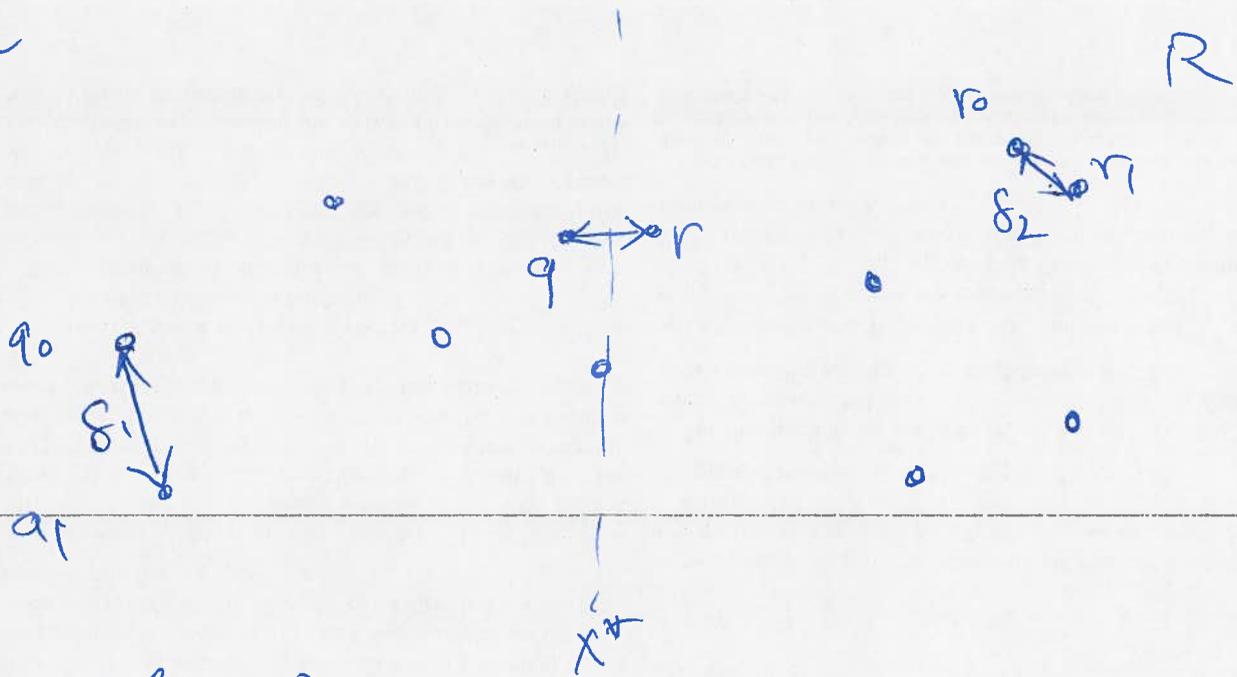


x^* ← record of $\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor$ th in P_x

$P_x, (P_y)$ are pts in inner x (merg) order $O(n \log n)$

Ques: Q_x, Q_y ; R_x, R_y for $P_x \& P_y$ in $O(n)$ time

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$$\delta = \min(\delta_1, \delta_2)$$

Put up problem: Compute ~~closest~~ closest "crossing" pair

Case 1: \nexists crossing pairs (q, r) ; $d(q, r) \geq \delta$
 \Rightarrow Trivial!

Case 2: $\exists (q, r)$ st $d(q, r) < \delta$