## CSE 421/521 - Operating Systems Fall 2012

# LECTURE - IX PROCESS SYNCHRONIZATION - II

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University at Buffalo September 27<sup>th</sup>, 2012

# Roadmap Semaphores Classic Problems of Synchronization Bounded Buffer Problem Readers and Writers Problem Dining-Philosophers Problem Monitors Conditional Variables Sleeping Barber Problem

















- Shared buffer with N slots to store at most N items
- Producer processes data items and puts into the buffer
- Consumer gets the data items from the buffer
- Variable empty keeps number of empty slots in the butter
- Variable full keeps number of full items in the buffer





























Monitors	Monitor - Example
<ul> <li>A high-level abstraction that provides a convenient and effective mechanism for process synchronization</li> <li>Only one process may be active within the monitor at a time</li> </ul>	As a simple example, consider a monitor for performing transactions on a bank account.
monitor monitor-name	monitor account {     int balance := 0
// snared variable declarations procedure P1 () { }  procedure Pn () {}	<pre>function withdraw(int amount) {     if amount &lt; 0 then error "Amount may not be negative"     else if balance &lt; amount then error "Insufficient funds"</pre>
Initialization code () { }	else balance := balance - amount }
<ul> <li>A monitor procedure takes the lock before doing anything else, and holds it until it either finishes or waits for a condition</li> </ul>	<pre>function deposit(int amount) {     if amount &lt; 0 then error "Amount may not be negative"     else balance := balance + amount   } }</pre>
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## Solution to Dining Philosophers using Monitors

```
monitor DP
{
    enum { THINKING; HUNGRY, EATING) state [5];
    condition self [5]; //to delay philosopher when he is
    hungry but unable to get chopsticks
initialization_code() {
    for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++)
        state[i] = THINKING;
    }
void pickup (int i) {
    state[i] = HUNGRY;
    test(i);//only if both neighbors are not eating
    if (state[i] != EATING) self [i].wait;
    }
</pre>
```





# Solution

- Use three semaphores: one for any waiting customers, one for the barber (to see if he is idle), and a mutex
- When a customer arrives, he attempts to acquire the mutex, and waits until he has succeeded.
- The customer then checks to see if there is an empty chair for him (either one in the waiting room or the barber chair), and if none of these are empty, leaves.
- Otherwise the customer takes a seat thus reducing the number available (a critical section).
- The customer then signals the barber to awaken through his semaphore, and the mutex is released to allow other customers (or the barber) the ability to acquire it.
- If the barber is not free, the customer then waits. The barber sits in a
  perpetual waiting loop, being awakened by any waiting customers. Once
  he is awoken, he signals the waiting customers through their semaphore,
  allowing them to get their hair cut one at a time.

### Implementation:

- + Semaphore Customers
- + Semaphore Barber
- + Semaphore accessSeats (mutex) + int NumberOfFreeSeats

```
The Barber(Thread):
```

while(true) //runs in an infinite loop

```
Customers.wait() //tries to acquire a customer - if none is available he's going to sleep
```

- accessSeats.wait() //at this time he has been awaken -> want to modify the number of available seats
- NumberOfFreeSeats++ //one chair gets free

Barber.signal() // the barber is ready to cut

accessSeats.signal() //we don't need the lock on the chairs anymore //here the barber is cutting hair }

### The Customer(Thread):

while (notCut) //as long as the customer is not cut
{
 accessSteats.wait() //tries to get access to the chairs
 if (NumberOfFreeSeats>0) { //if there are any free seats
 NumberOfFreeSeats -- //sitting down on a chair
 Customers.signal() //notify the barber, who's waiting that there is

a customer accessSeats.signal() // don't need to lock the chairs anymore Barber.wait() // now it's this customers turn, but wait if the barber

is busy notCut = false

} else // there are no free seats //tough luck

accessSeats.signal() //but don't forget to release the lock on the seats }

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# Acknowledgements

- "Operating Systems Concepts" book and supplementary material by A. Silberschatz, P. Galvin and G. Gagne
- "Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles" book and supplementary material by W. Stallings
- "Modern Operating Systems" book and supplementary material by A. Tanenbaum
- R. Doursat and M. Yuksel from UNR