

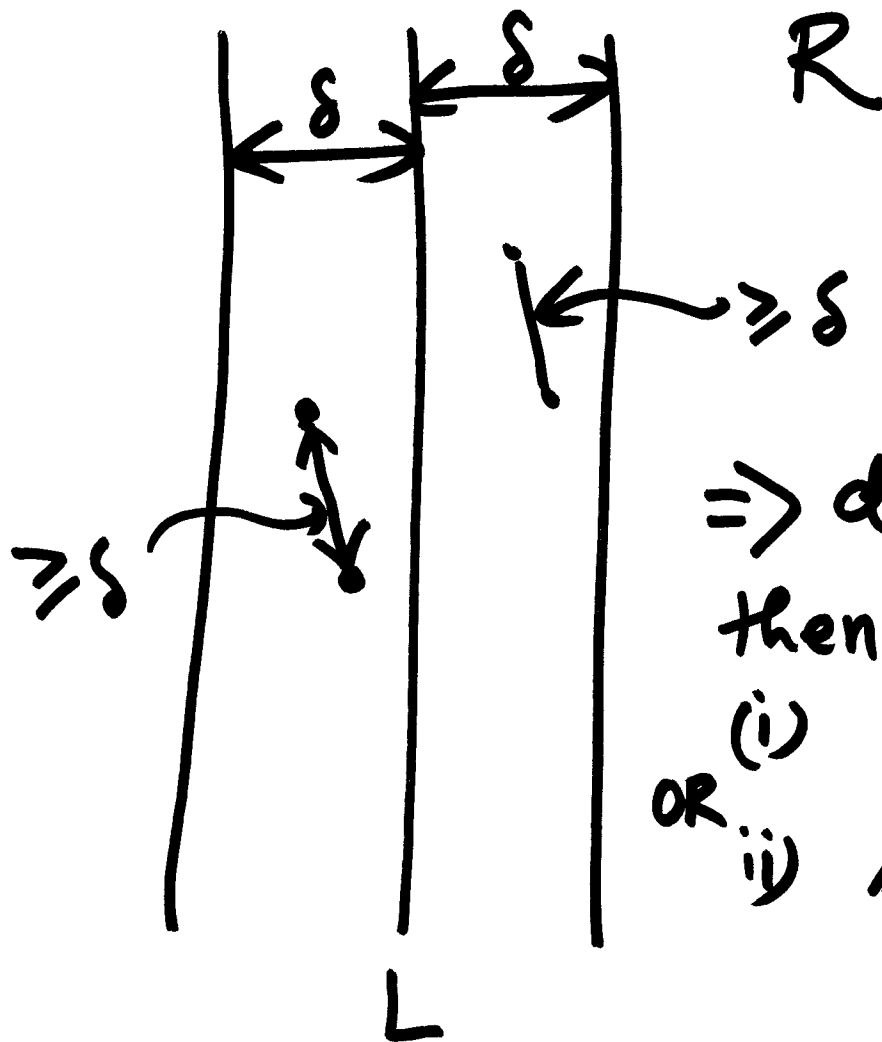
NOVEMBER 18, 2011

KICKASS LEMMA:

If $\exists s \neq s' \in S$ s.t. $d(s, s') < \delta$

$\Rightarrow s$ and s' are within 15
positions of each other in S

Q



$\Rightarrow d(s, s') < \delta$

then

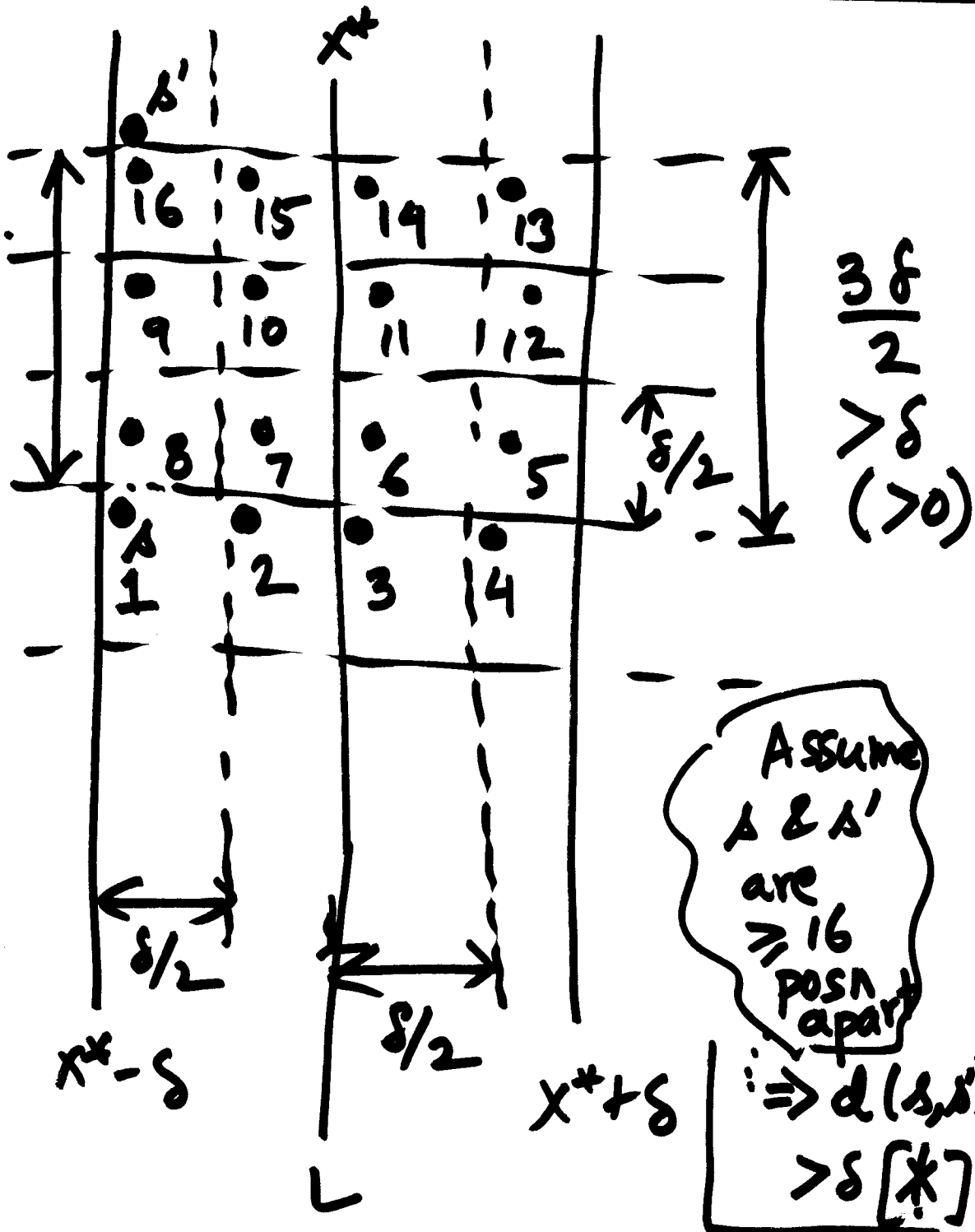
- (i) $s \in Q$ and $s' \in R$
OR
ii) $s' \in Q$ and $s \in R$

Pf:

b' is not among 2-16

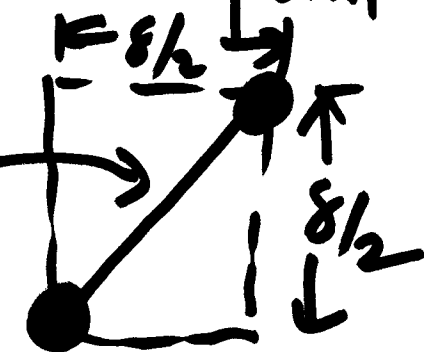
$$\frac{\sqrt{s^2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{s}{\sqrt{2}} < s$$

contradict
def. of δ



Claim: Each square has at most one point in it.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{dist} &= \sqrt{\frac{6^2}{4} + \frac{5^2}{4}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{6^2}{2}} \end{aligned}$$



farthest at
ends of a
diagonal.

WEIGHTED INTERVAL SCHEDULING

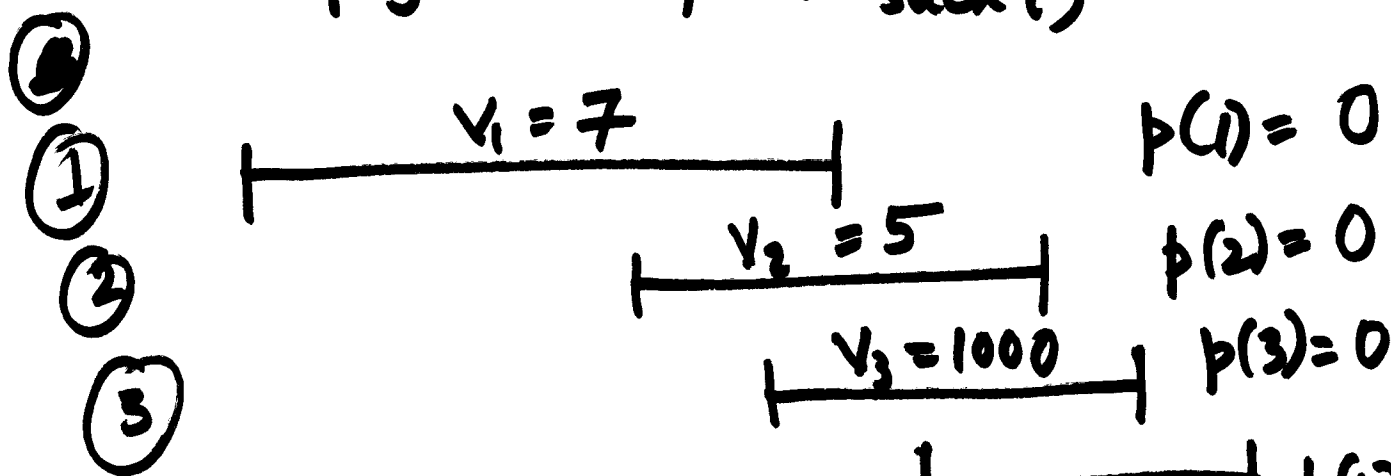
Input: n intervals $i \rightarrow [s_i, f_i)$

Also $v_i \geq 0$

Output: A schedule $S \subseteq [n]$
(no conflicts)
to max $\sum_{i \in S} v_i$

Assume: $f_1 \leq f_2 \leq \dots \leq f_n$

Def: $p(j)$ largest $i < j$
s.t. i & j have no conflict.
($p(j) = 0$ if no such i)



$Q \rightarrow$ optimal soln.

Case 1: $n \in Q$

What about $p(n)+1, \dots, n-1$
none in $Q!$ $\Leftarrow$ have conflict with n .

Case 2: $n \notin Q$

Q is opt for $\{1, \dots, n-1\}$