

Dijkstra's algo

0. $R \leftarrow \{s\}$, $d(s) \leftarrow 0 \leftarrow O(1)$

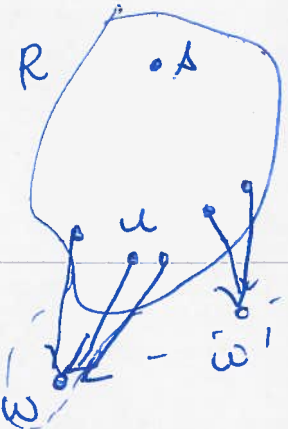
Array with current $d[u]$ values.

1. While $\exists x \notin R$ s.t. $(u, x) \in E$, $u \in R$

Pick w to be the min such $x \leftarrow \sum_{u \in V} O(n_w^n)$
by d' value $O(m)$

$\leq n$ iterations

$O(n_w^n)$ $O(1)$ Add w to R
 $d(w) \leftarrow d'(w)$ $O(mn)$

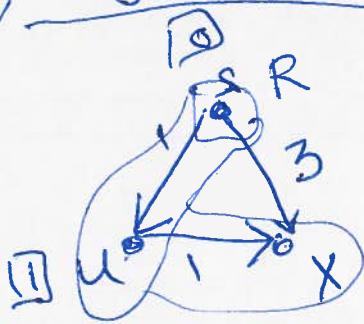


$$d'(w) = \min_{u \in R, (u, w) \in E} d(u) + l_{u, w}$$

$P_u \rightarrow$ be the path from s to u in the "shortest path" graph.

THM: Let R be the set at any pt. in the run of the algo. Then P_u is a shortest $s \rightarrow u$ path for any $u \in R$.

$\Rightarrow$ Dijkstra's is correct. (Pick R at the termination of the algo)

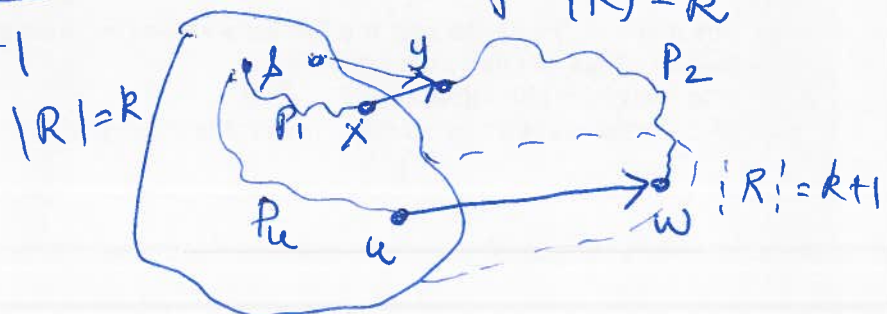


Induction on $|R|$.

Base Case: $|R| = 1 \Rightarrow P_s$ is shortest ~

Assume true for $|R| = k$

$\Rightarrow$ Now $|R| = k+1$



Consider $P_w^* = P_u, (u, w)$ ~~Claim~~

For contradiction assume $\exists P' \neq P_w$ s.t.
 $L(P') < L(P_w)$

$$P' = P_1, (x, y), P_2$$

$\uparrow$
 P_x

Consider d' values before
 w is added
 $d'(y) \leq d(x) + l_{(x,y)}$
 $\leq L(P')$

$$d(P_w) = d'(w) \leq d'(y) \leq L(P')$$

$\nearrow$
as Algo picked w
over y

$O(m \log n)$ implementation

Heap $\rightarrow$ Extract-min $O(\log n)$
 $\rightarrow$ Change-key $O(\log n)$

Idea: Maintain heap on all $w \in V \setminus R$
value: $d'(w)$

Initialization: $d'(s) = 0$ $d'(w) = \infty$ $w \neq s$

Find min w : Extract-min $O(\log n)$

Update: Change-key operation.