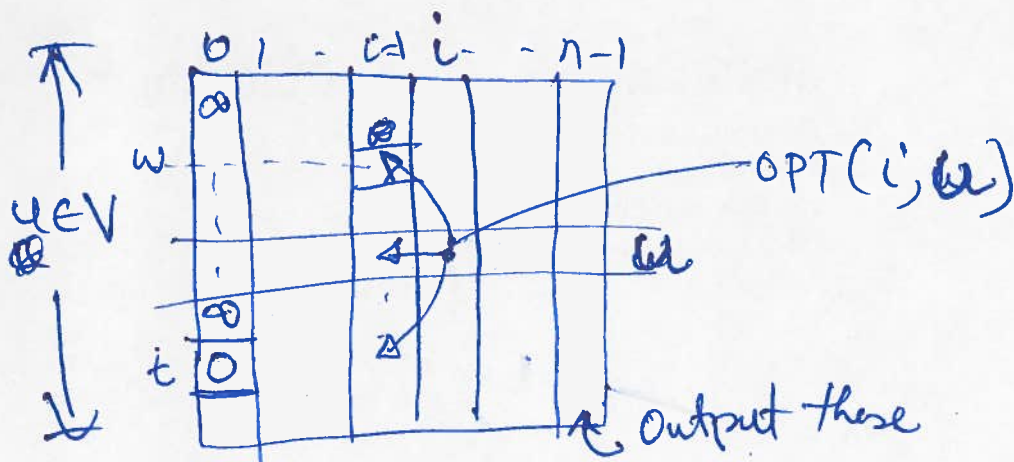


Bellman-Ford

$$OPT(i, u) = \min \left(OPT(i-1, u) + \min_{(u,w) \in E} c_{u,w} + OPT(i-1, w) \right)$$

To compute $OPT(i, u)$ what other values do you need to know.

Know $OPT(i-1, *)$ is enough to compute $OPT(i, *)$



Shortest-Path (S, t) $\{M: V \times \{0, \dots, n-1\}\}$

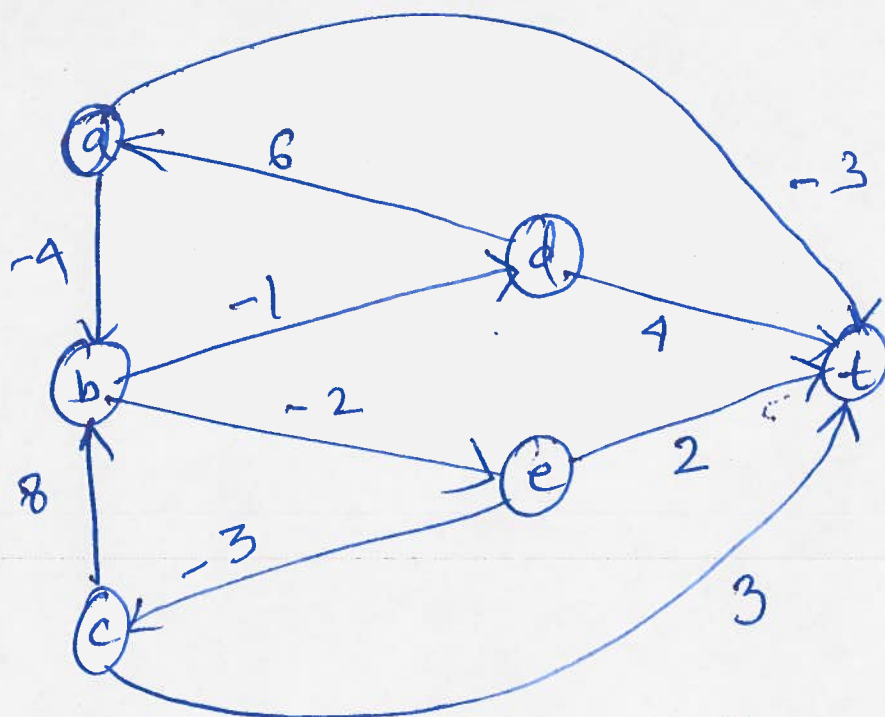
0. $M[0, t] = 0$, $M[0, u] = \infty$ $\forall u \neq t$ $[O(n)]$

1. For $i = 0, 1, \dots, n-1 \leftarrow \infty$ Space $O(n^2) \rightarrow O(n)$
 $\nearrow$
 $O(n^3)$ For every $u \in V \leftarrow n$
 $O(n) \rightarrow M[i, u] = \min (M[i-1, u], \min_{(u,w) \in E} c_{u,w} + M[i-1, w])$

2. Output $M[n-1, s]$ $\forall s$.

$\nearrow$
 $O(n)$ Time: $O(n^3) \rightarrow O(mn)$

Correctness: Induction



	0	1	2	3	4	5
a	∞	-3				
b	∞	∞				
c	∞					
d	∞	4				
e	∞	2				
t	0					

$$M[b,2] = \min(\infty, -2+2, -1+4) = 0$$

$$OPT(d,5) = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &OPT(a,1) = \infty \\
 &\quad \downarrow \\
 &= \min(OPT(a,0), \\
 &\quad \min(\overset{-4}{OPT(b,0)}, \overset{-3}{OPT(t,0)}) \\
 &\quad \quad \quad \uparrow \\
 &\quad \quad \quad 0
 \end{aligned}$$

$$OPT(b,1) = \min(\infty, -2+\infty, -1+\infty) = \infty$$