

(1)

Sept 20, 2017

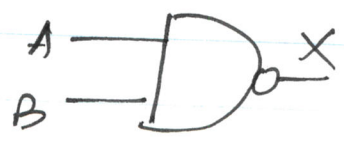
Logic gate :

NAND

$$X = (A \cdot B)'$$

Truth Table

input		output
A	B	X
0	0	1
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0



Repeat this explanation for all the gates.

October 11, 2017 Wednesday

Minterm vs Maxterm

A	B	C	f(A,B,C)
0	0	0	1
0	0	1	1
→ 0	1	0	0
→ 0	1	1	0
1	0	0	1
→ 1	0	1	0
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	1

express this function as (i) sum of minterms  
 Alternatively as (ii) product of maxterms

1's  
 $\rightarrow \Sigma (m_0, m_1, m_4, m_6, m_7)$

$$= A'B'C' + A'B'C + AB'C' + ABC' + A \cdot BC$$

0's  $\Pi (M_2, M_3, M_5) = (A+B+C) \cdot (A+B'+C') \cdot (A'+B+C')$

~~$(A+B'+C) \cdot (A+B'+C) \cdot (A'+B+C) \cdot (A+B'+C)$~~

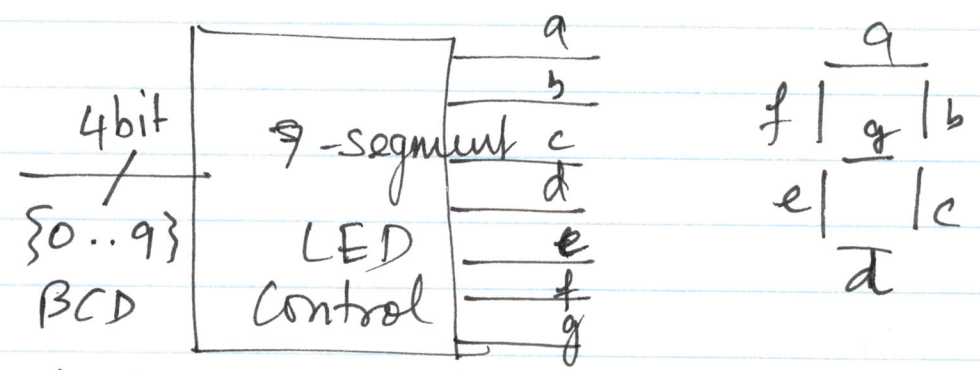
(2)

~~A + BA'~~ = ~~1~~

1 Sept 20

$$A + BA' = (A+B) \cdot (A+A')$$

3 literals =  $\frac{A+B}{2 \text{ literals}}$



don't care  $\Sigma (m_{10}, m_{11}, m_{12}, m_{13}, m_{14}, m_{15})$

BCD	W	X	Y	Z	a	b	c	d	e	f	g
0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1
3	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1
4	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1
5	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1
6	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1
7	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
8	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
9	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1

Sept 20, 2

$a(w, x, y, z) = \sum (0, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9)$   
 don't care  $\sum (10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15)$

		yz			
	wx	00	01	11	10
00		0	1	1	1
01		1	1	1	1
11		d	d	d	d
10		d	d	d	d

Is there a group of 8's?

Yes  $g_1, g_2$

Have I covered all the 1's?

Is there a group of 4's?

Yes  $g_3 \& g_4$

yes.

$g_1: y$        $g_2: w$        $g_3: xz$        $g_4: x'z'$

$a(w, x, y, z) = g_1 + g_2 + g_3 + g_4 = \underline{\underline{y + w + xz + x'z'}}$

$b(w, x, y, z) = \sum (0, 2, 6, 8)$

don't care  $\sum (10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16)$

		yz			
	wx	00	01	11	10
00		1	1	1	1
01		1	1	1	1
11		d	d	d	d
10		d	d	d	d

1 group of 4's.  $g_1$

1 group of 4's  $g_2$

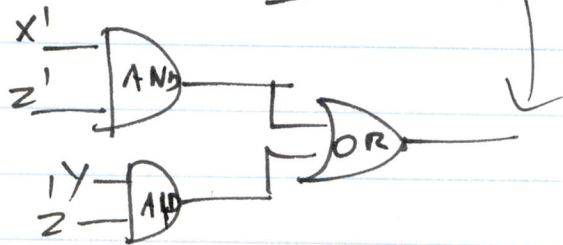
$b(w, x, y, z) = g_1 + g_2$

$= \underline{\underline{x'z' + yz'}}$

"Standard" SOP sum of product  
 $\neq (x' + y)$  Not standard

Sept 20, 2016

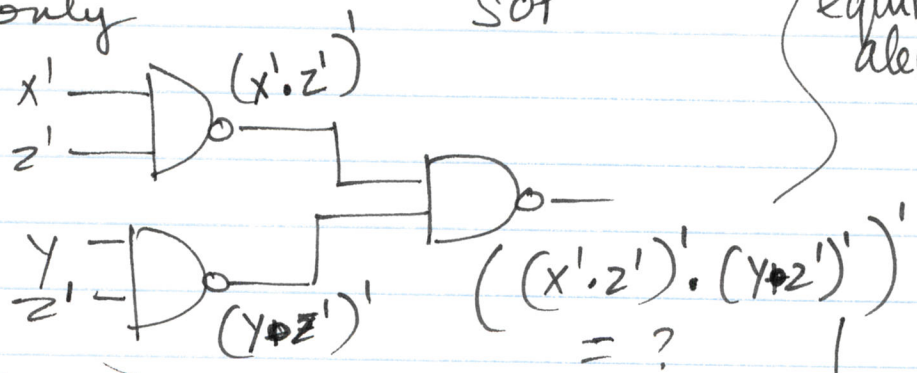
$f(W, X, Y, Z) = x'z' + yz'$



NAND only

SOP

equiv  
alent



De Morgan's laws

$$(x.z)' = x' + z'$$

$$(x+z)' = x'.z'$$

$$\begin{aligned} & ((x'.z')' + (y.z'))' \\ & = x'z' + yz' \end{aligned}$$

$$((x'.z')' \cdot (y.z'))'$$

$$x'z' + yz'$$