

Sept 18, 2017

K-map

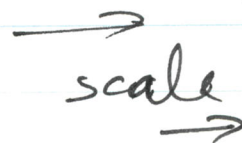
visual approach to simplification

2-variable X

(3-variable)  
(4-variable)

5-variable  
X

Algebraic  
Simplification



Step 1: Empty K-maps

3-variable

	BC			
	00	01	11	10
A				
=0	0	1	3	2
=1	4	5	7	6

$2^3 = 8$  cell

1 cell / minterm

4-variable

	A	B	C	
A'B'c'	0	0	0	m <sub>0</sub>
A'B'c	0	0	1	m <sub>1</sub>
A'Bc'	0	1	0	m <sub>2</sub>
A'Bc	0	1	1	m <sub>3</sub>
A'BC'	1	0	0	m <sub>4</sub>
A'BC	1	0	1	m <sub>5</sub>
ABC'	1	1	0	m <sub>6</sub>
ABC	1	1	1	m <sub>7</sub>

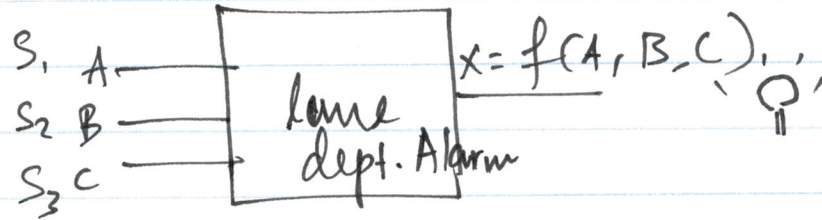
TT

Problem statement:

Three sensor signals are fed into a system. When "majority" of the sensor inputs are "true", turn on the alarm.

②

Sept 18, 2017

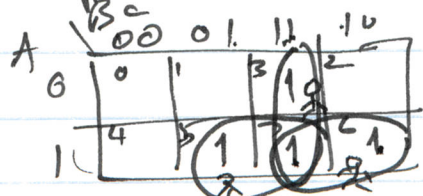


	A	B	C	$X = f(A, B, C)$
$m_0$	0	0	0	0
$m_1$	0	0	1	0
$m_2$	0	1	0	0
$m_3$	0	1	1	1
$m_4$	1	0	0	0
$m_5$	1	0	1	1
$m_6$	1	1	0	1
$m_7$	1	1	1	1

Step 1  
 Problem Statement  
 ↓  
 Step 2  
 Truth Table  
 ↓

$X = f(A, B, C) = \sum m_3, m_5, m_6, m_7$   
 4 terms  $\times$  3 = 12 literals  
 $= \sum (3, 5, 6, 7)$

Step 3:



Cover all the 1's with minimal # of groups

"plot" minterms

group of 8 1's? No  
 group of 4's? No  
 group of 2's?  $g_1$   
 $g_2$   
 $g_3$

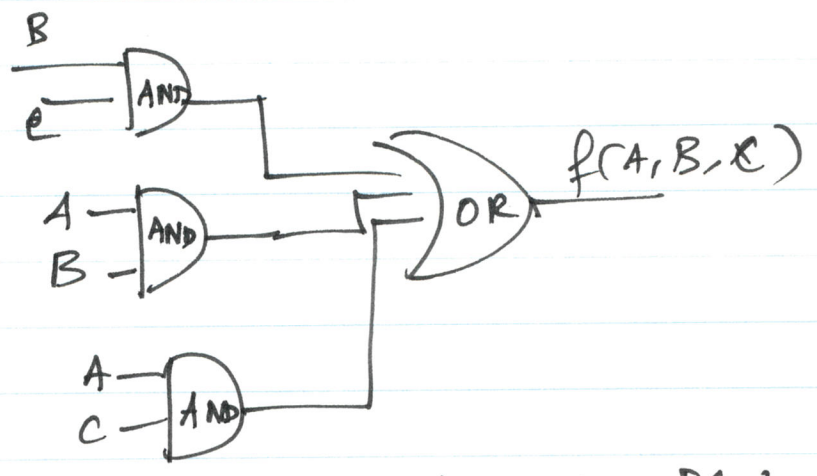
Step 4: Write the simplified terms:  
 $g_1 = \underline{BC}$      $g_2 = \underline{AB}$      $g_3 = AC$

(2)

Sept 10, 2017

$$f(A, B, C) = BC + AB + AC$$

Step 5:



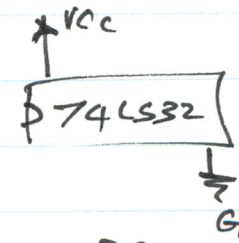
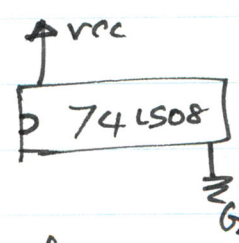
Step 6:

Implement it using ICs?

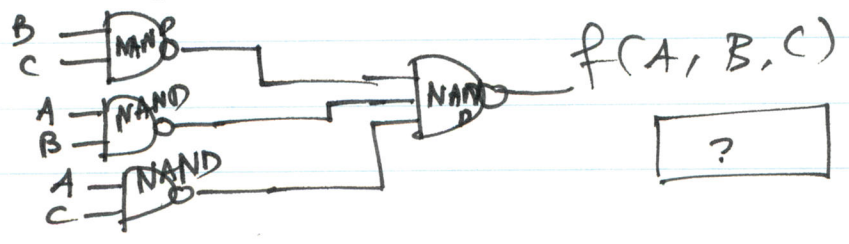
What ICs do you need?

AND	IC	7408	74LS08	2-input AND
-----	----	------	--------	-------------

OR	IC	74LS32	74LS32	2-input OR
----	----	--------	--------	------------



Extra:  $f(A, B, C) = BC + AB + AC$ . Implement using only NAND gates.

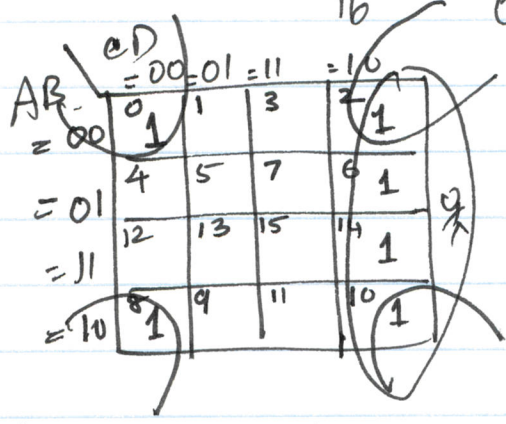




Sept 18, 2017

4-variable K-map:  
 $2^4 = 16$  minterms  
 16 cells 4x4 K-map

There are no  
 don't  
 care's



$f(A, B, C, D)$   
 $= \Sigma(0, 2, 8, 10, 6, 14)$

plot the minterms

- group the 1's: 16 1's? No
- 8 1's? No
- 4 1's? Yes g1
- are all 1's covered? No
- 4 1's? Yes g2
- are all 1's covered? Yes

$f(A, B, C, D) = g1 + g2$   
 $f(A, B, C, D) = \underline{CD' + B'D'}$  //  $= D'(C + B')$

